



We protect what matters.

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Stericycle Waste Acceptance Policy for Mailback

This policy defines acceptable and unacceptable waste for Stericycle's Mailback programs. The purpose of this policy is to identify the waste that Stericycle will and will not accept via Mailback. This policy is not intended to summarize or capture all federal, state or local requirements that may apply to a particular facility's regulated medical waste, and reliance on this policy is not a substitute for seeking legal advice. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to appropriately characterize and manage the waste it generates, and to comply with this policy. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to remove or obscure any protected health information or other personally identifiable information prior to providing waste to Stericycle. If you have questions regarding this policy, please contact your Stericycle representative.

ACCEPTED/CONFORMING WASTE FOR MAILBACK OF REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE

- Regulated Medical Waste: biohazardous, biomedical, infectious or regulated medical waste as defined under federal, state or local law; waste known or reasonably expected to contain a pathogen; a waste or reusable material derived from the medical treatment of an animal or human, which includes diagnosis and immunization, or from biomedical research, which includes the production and testing of biological products.
- Containerized Sharps Waste

ACCEPTED/CONFORMING WASTE FOR MAILBACK OF SHARPS WASTE

- Sharps Waste: any object contaminated with a pathogen or that may become contaminated with a pathogen through handling or during transportation and also capable of cutting or penetrating skin or a packaging material; needles, syringes, scalpels, broken glass, culture slides, culture dishes, broken capillary tubes, broken rigid plastic, and exposed ends of dental wires

NON-CONFORMING WASTE

- Complete human remains (including heads, full torsos and fetuses)
- Untreated Category A infectious substances
- Any waste that is classified as hazardous by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or equivalent state agency
- Controlled substances which are regulated by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration or equivalent state agency
- Pharmaceutical waste
- Chemical waste (such as lab reagents, solvents, chemical preservatives, cleaning products or amalgam)
- Universal wastes (such as batteries, fluorescent lamps, or mercury-contaminated equipment)
- Compressed gas cylinders, canisters, inhalers or aerosol cans
- Solidified suction canisters
- Any mercury-containing material or device (such as thermometers)
- Radioactive waste
- Bulk or trace chemotherapy waste
- Bulk liquids
- Non-infectious dental waste
- All lab wastes or materials which contain or have the potential to contain infectious substances arising from those agents listed under 42 CFR Part 73, 7 CFR Part 331, and/or 9 CFR Part 121
- Loose Sharps Waste / Sharps Waste that is not in a sharps container
- Any Mailback container that is damaged, breached, leaking or improperly packaged
- Any waste that is not Conforming Waste
- Any waste that is not accompanied by a properly completed shipping document